

MINUTES OF SHELTER CLUSTER MEETING # 8 16.12.2015 YANGON

1 Introduction

Due to the extensive damage done by heavy rain in June and July 2015, IFRC has been asked in its capacity as the Global Shelter Cluster lead for natural disasters as well as through discussions in country, to coordinate the Shelter and NFI response at the sub-national level; UNHCR leading the cluster at the national level and IFRC coordinating the flood response outside of Rakhine. The sub-national Flood Shelter Cluster led by IFRC is now phasing out and this Wednesday 16th of December was the last Flood Shelter Cluster meeting held at the UNHCR building in Yangon.

2 Attendance

IOM, The Lutherian World Federation (LWF), MMRD, UNOCHA, UNHCR

3 Discussion

3.1 Disaster overview

Sub-national SC Coordinator commented gaps compared to SC mid-term objectives highlighted in the last National Shelter Cluster Report #3: https://www.sheltercluster.org/sites/default/files/docs/national_situation_report_3_final.pdf

	Shelter Cluster Mid- term Objective # of households	# of permanent houses planed	# of Transitional shelter planed	Cash (conditional or unconditional) # of HH	GAP
Chin State	3,000	940	75	306	- 1679
Sagaing Region	3,000	565		1,874	- 561
Magway Region	500			318	- 182

SC objective for Chin State is calculated as follow: 3,000 houses reported destroyed by the Government/3,125 HH reported displaced by CCERR. The planed response up to date is covering the needs in Hakha townships. Main gap, around 1,000 HH, is in Paletwa were there is no shelter response following the emergency phase (1,000 shelter kits were distributed). Other gap is in Tonzang Township and the SC is advocating for agencies and donors to support local actors building shelters in Khum Nuai village, but are running out of funds (See National Report above).

In Sagaing Region, the figure of 3,000 includes HH who lost completely their house (They should receive a permanent house by the Government) and all families displaced in camps or in need to be relocated in Kalay and Tamu Township. Figure should be less than 3,000. The SC has no shelter partners in Sagaing Region and the ability for people to move construction materials will rely mainly on multi-purposes cash distribution in December/January. Situation should be monitored end of January/beginning of February.

MYANMAR CENTRAL AREA FLOODS RESPONSE



In Magway Region, the Government did a cash distribution to HH who had their houses destroyed (150,000 kyats). MRCS and Save the Children are planing some other cash distributions. 3 villages will be relocated using their materials from their previous house.

3.2 Update from agencies

- Supported by UNFPA, IOM will distribute 11,400 blankets in Chin State and NFI kits containing stoves, carpets, cooking pots, socks for adults and children, to 2,904 families. First distribution is underway to Chin State and IOM will distribute, in partnership with KMSS, targeting first: 56 HH in four villages of Hakha Township (Dauchim, Lungpang, Phaipha and Surkhua), 654 HH in Hakha Town (168 HH in Carson Camp, 116 in BEHS 2, 33 Bethel Church, 22 in Cawbuk camp, 53 in Khaikam camp, and 225 HH in host families/house rental. In Falam Township 26 HH and 46 in Matupi Township. Blankets will be distributed in Tonzang and Paletwa Townships.
- IOM is also planning camp improvements and some support for livelihoods in Hakha and Kalay.
- LWF will assist 123 families with conditional cash in 12 villages of Mindat Township (Chin State). 87 HH will receive 500,000 kyats and 36 HH, 300,000 kyats.

3.3 UNOCHA Field-Trip to Chin and Sagaing

UNOCHA presented the main recommendations a field-trip to Hakha and Kalay townships (For more detailed information: UNOCHA, 2015 Floods Evacuation Sites Field Mission Report 05 Dec 2015)

Main recommendations concerning CCCM and SC are:

CCCM: Advocate for more information about the relocation planned by the Government (for house owners and renters). Immediate relocation of the evacuation site to a more adequate place, respecting the minimum CCCM standards, in particular shelter, sanitation and water facilities, mainly in: BEHS 2 (Hakha town, Chin State) and Khai Kam (Hakha town, Chin State).

Shelter / NFIs: Strengthening the winterization of shelter and NFI response (blankets, clothes) and support the movement from evacuation sites to relocation areas / place of origin with logistics/cash intervention in all the sites when possible.

One of the main problems highlighted by OCHA was that IDP's in Chin and Sagaing are not receiving sufficient information on what is planed by the Government (i.e. when they will move to relocation sites, is there sufficient plots, who will receive a permanent house, etc.).

It was decided during the meeting 4 action points:

- 1. CCCM to advocate for more information delivered by the Government to IDP's.
- 2. Relocation of the people still in BEHS 2 and in Khai Kam camp (Hakha Town).
- 3. OCHA to clarify with IOM what ECHO's fund for Chin and Sagaing are for.
- 4. OCHA and SC Coordinator to meet with IOM.

OCHA will go every month to Chin and Sagaing and will liaise with SC Coordinator.

3.4 Flood SC products

An Index of all the Flood SC products and documents available on line will be send to the partners before the phasing out end of this week (18th of December).