



An IDP settlement in Somalia.

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

SO1: Contribute to the protection of displaced people, including those affected by natural hazards, through provision of NFIs and Emergency shelter.

SO2: Improve the living conditions of the protected internally displaced persons (T-shelters, permanent shelter and improved land tenure).

NEED ANALYSIS

The recent conflicts in Gaalkacyo town led to the displacements of an estimated 90 per cent of Gaalkacyo's population.

Most shelters in Bari region were partially destroyed by Cyclones and the affected populations are in need of Shelter/NFIs interventions.

Flash flood affected population from outskirts of Mogadishu, in particular, Sarakusta area due to flash floods were in need of shelter/NFIs.

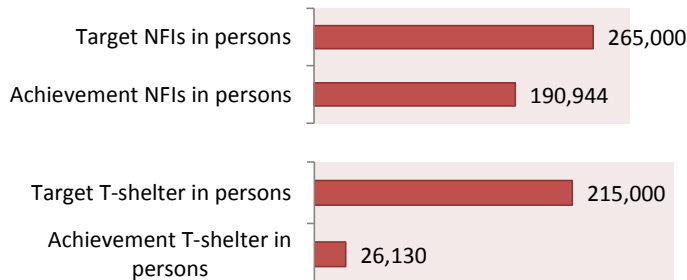
HIGHLIGHTS'

- ❑ Ministry of Interior in Nugaal donated permanent land to displaced persons in Jilib IDP, Garowe
- ❑ Some partners shifted to voucher and cash based interventions. The country-wide market assessment on NFIs was finalized in mid-December.
- ❑ 3,247 standard NFI kits were distributed to conflict affected people and vulnerable host communities in South and North Gaalkacyo. About 190,944 people received emergency assistance packages (EAPs), 49,230 people received emergency shelter kits and tents, 26,130 people were supported with transitional shelter solutions and 6,378 were supported with permanent shelters since January to December 2015.

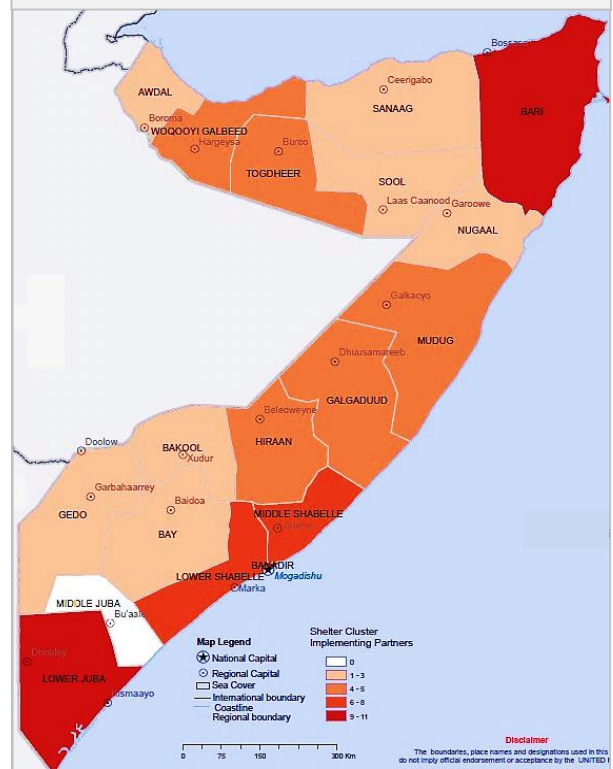
KEY FIGURES

937,000 Total affected population

467,000 Cluster target population



PARTNERS OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES 2015



KEY DATES

Crises: Floods, Clan conflicts, Military offensive, Drought, Fire and evictions

Activation of Cluster: 2006

CLUSTER TEAM - Contacts

Cluster lead agency : UNHCR

Co-lead: UNHABITAT

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KEY DOCUMENTS - Hyperlinks

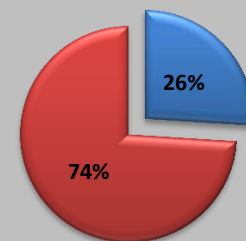
Shelter Cluster Somalia
Somalia Cluster Maps
Somalia Cluster Projects

SRP FUNDING - Shelter Cluster

\$ 44 million requested

Funded

Gap

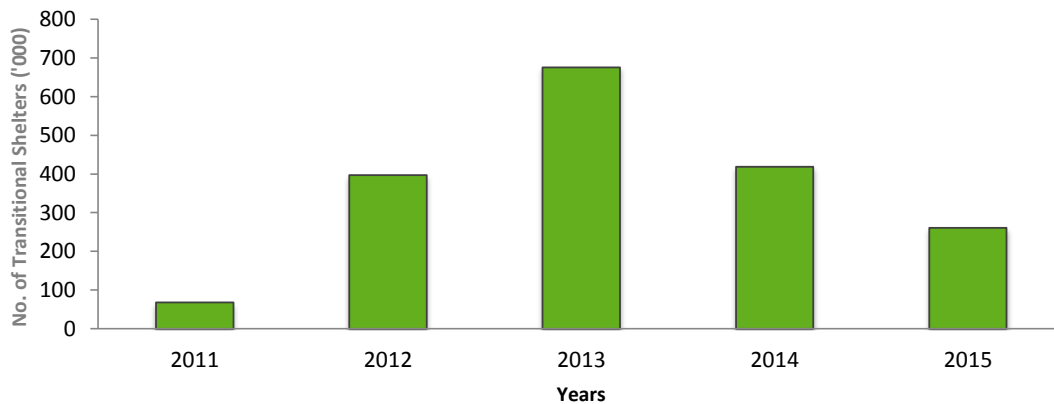


Focus story: A Summary of Shelter Activities in 2015

In summary, with 26 per cent funding received, the shelter cluster reached 190,944 out of 265,000 people (72 per cent) with the provision of emergency assistance packages. Of 215,000 people targeted with transitional shelter solutions, only 26,130 (12.2 per cent) people were reached; whereas less than 2.6 per cent of the 250,000 IDPs targeted with permanent shelter were supported. The key funding gaps were evident in the provision of transitional and permanent shelters.

Capacity building projects to improve accountability also remain underfunded. The impact is that the majority of IDPs still lack adequate shelters and continue to live in inappropriate and hazardous environs. Without higher levels of funding in 2016, it will be impossible to achieve the resilience-strengthening objectives of cluster which aims at finding durable solutions for displaced persons in Somalia.

Transitional Shelter Trends 2011 -2015



Cluster Challenges

- ☐ Lack of consistent reporting by cluster partners hampers the visibility of shelter cluster and effective/efficient coordination.
- ☐ Decreasing funding of shelter activities has grossly affected the capacity of cluster partners to respond whilst shelter needs have increased significantly due to forced evictions, conflicts and flooding.
- ☐ Restricted humanitarian access due to insecurity continues to affect the provision of assistance to the affected people in some parts of south and central Somalia.
- ☐ Emergency Shelter/NFI stocks need to be replenished to allow for further contingencies.
- ☐ IJA authorities need to finalize solutions for issuance of land since it has affected the shelter cluster interventions

Key Links : Who is doing what where in Shelter

Shelter maps: <https://www.sheltercluster.org/library/somalia-maps>

Shelter projects: <http://www.unhcr-nairobi-hub.org/toolkit/>