

NFI and Emergency Shelter ASSESSMENT / VERIFICATION REPORT			
ASSESSMENT: (tick)		VERIFICATION: (tick)	
Report Date:11/7/2014		Assessment/Verification da	te(s):4/7/2014 – 11/7/2014
Location Information			
State		Jonglei	
County		Akobo East	
Payam		Bilkey, Dengjok and Nyandit.	
Boma		Wechkok, Meer and Rine.	
GPS Coordinates		N/A	
Team Details			
Name	Organisation	Title	Contacts: Email/Mobile/Sat Phone
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Summary of Population Type / Nun	nbers		
		census,	712,324 according to 2008
B. Total number of IDPs/returnees -Households and individuals -Ref sources - can be multiple -Specify conflict IDP, disaster IDP, returnee -If returnee, in transit, stranded, or final destination? Organised or spontaneous? -Do registration list/s already exist? Made by whom?		The total number of household verified in county was 1,268 HH for the new registration carry out this week in the following payam. 1. Nyandit 320 HH with individual 1,550 2. Dengjok 410 HH with individual 1,930 3. Bilkey 538 HH with individual 2,590 The figure reported by RRC was very high since they consider some host community among the payam, the above mentioned figure was the new IDPs figure we found in three payam of Akobo East 1. 473 HH was the register one we completed in April that we fail to supported due to shortage of NFIs prepositioned in Akobo Warehouse, it make total number of 1,741 HH with individual 8,900 needs to be supported in Akobo.	
C. Total number in need of shelter/NFI assistance -Households and individuals -Specify population type (IDP, returnee, host community) -Verified? List available?		1,741 HH with 2,830 indiv The verification was target Nassir attack, in additional	ting the IDPs who fall from Ulang and

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Situation Overview

-Note any prior assessments (eg IRNA) and attach to this report

-If no prior assessment t has been done, summarise information gathered through questionnaire at Annex 1

The December 15, 2013 fighting in juba advance in to south Sudan branches like in Jonglei, Unity and Upper Nile and it reach the counties like in Upper Nile, the two counties under SPLA control Ulang and Nassir were left by civilians to nearest Jonglei state counties of Akobo West, Nyirol and Akobo East.

More of them from Malakal and Jonglei are all here in Akobo county, thinking to reach Ethiopia that we verified in April 2014, the situation now in Akobo for the IDPs is not very ok, the host community are trying their best by hosting the IDPs but now it was a quite long waiting.

The SCI and RRC highlighted the urgent needs of the population during the verification/registration was as follows; "NFIs/ES is strongly recommended. Health and Nutrition, Wash and protection will be consider by sectors" and asked the responsible partners to response to the situation as soon as possible if there is availability in their end.

The RRC and SCI registration exercise has been conducted on 04/07/2014 – 10/07/2014 in Bilkey Payam (Town) Dengjok and Nyandit of Akobo county.

Attached is the Verification registration show big number of affected population where reported to be IDPs who felt from Ulang and Nassir attack of this year 2014.

Summary of Shelter/NFI Situation

- -Summarise information gathered through questionnaire at Annex 2
- -Include maps and photographs where relevant
- Include any information gathered on community and intra-household gender dynamics, as related to shelter and NFI

The NFI/ES team start registration/verification of Payam from 4/07/2014 – 10/07/2014, in the following days the team visited three payam in Akobo east (Nyandit, Dengjok and Bilkey), to register and evaluate the situation of shelter and NFI needs among the IDPs who come from Ulang and Nassir, mostly people in Town found to be the real IDPs who felt from Nassir and Ulang attack.

The IOM and SCI team visited Dengjok, Bilkey and Nyandit on 2^{nd} July and conducted NFIs house to house visit to verify the need of NFI/ES among the recent IDPs who come from Ulang and Nassir.

Because of one distribution was done in Akobo east early this year and some of the IDP are staying in the most of host communities some of them were hosted that mean we fail to do the registration in some of the villages namely

- 1. High zain.
- 2. Dog city.
- 3. Meer.
- 4. Wechpuot.
- 5. Thokwath.

The following villages are found having no problem with shelter since they are hosted by communities. The registration team use different methodologies to identify the right people are in need of NFI/ES.

- 1) The methodology used in the NFI/ES in Akobo was, household interview (house to house visit) to identify the shelter and NFI need among the IDPs who came from Ulang and Nassir to ask when deed the fighting brook out in Ulang/Nassir and which road do you use when you are reaching Akobo?
- 2) How many of you the total of household? Where did you cross the river Nile when coming to Akobo East, West, Nyirol or Ethiopia?



RECOMMENDATIONS

If emergency shelter and/or NFI distribution is recommended:

The situation of the IDPs both one we register in April and the new IDPs is very worse, especially cooking utensils and shelter, you find there is some vulnerable woman whose their husband had been killed, some time they stay under the tree without shelter and other basic needs, we strongly recommended the following items to be distributed.

- 1.Plastic sheeting
- 2.Blankets
- 3.Cooking set/utensils IOM box of white set
- 4. Mosquito nets.

The following item are strongly recommended to be given to them since they have nothing to support their children with.

The situation they are in now is not easy witness by IOM team who came with the same exercise.

Define targeting criteria -need/vulnerability (if vulnerability, define vulnerability categories)	IDPs affected from Nassir and Ulang attack are really Vulnerable, not benefited from the last distribution in Akobo.
Specify items to be distributed -Number and type per household - NFI/ES, full kits,	NFI full kits one bag per each HH, as most of the average size of the HHs verified is 6 individuals per family.
loose items -Specify if quantity of items distributed will vary by household size	
Key considerations for distribution -Eg access, logistics, security and protection concerns, push/pull, stakeholders/partners to work with	Access and logistics: the areas are assessable by car and boat for if there are enough NFIs for distribution.

If emergency shelter and/or NFI distribution is **not** recommended:

location (Alali Payam) as identified by the SCI; due to the	Summarise reasons and propose next steps, if any	
	-eg referral to other clusters	

Immediate next steps	Timeline	Who is responsible
Transportation of NFIs from Juba to Akobo by IOM.	Not yet clear when will be the time for response.	SCI, IOM

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Please submit to IOM Juba (cc your Shelter and NFI Cluster State Focal Point)

If this is a verification report, and distribution is recommended, include:

- 1. Completed Pipeline Request Form
 - 2. Distribution List in excel format

Annexes:

Annex 1: Example questionnaire on general situation

House to house questionnaire:

- 1) Are you one of the new IDPs?
- 2) When did you come to Akobo, through which county?
- 3) What was the reason makes you to come to Akobo east?
- 4) You plan to go back to Nassir/Ulang?
- 5) How many of you when you are coming?
- 6) How many of you in the household? Where are your children?
- 7) How many days you spent reaching Akobo?

Annex 2: Example questionnaire on shelter/NFI need

- 1) Are they your relative?
- 2) Are the shelter materials available in the area?
- 3) Why you didn't want to go back?
- 4) Is there any orphan children with you?

ANNEX 1

General Situation Questionnaire

GI.1	Spontaneous Settlement of IDPs in an urban area
Type of assessment site	☐ Spontaneous Settlement of IDPs in a rural area
	☐ Affected area (affected by conflict incident or natural disaster)
	☐ IDPs on the move (site where IDP's are transitioning to another site)
	☐ IDPs living with host families in urban area
	☑ IDPs living with host families in rural area
	☐ Area of origin for returnees
	Returnee transit site/way station
	Other (please specify)



GI.2 At the assessment site what kind of population is residing	☐ Population <u>directly</u> affected by conflict or disaster (either wounded/killed or targeted due to violence) ☐ IDPs <u>directly</u> affected by conflict or disaster (either wounded/killed or target due to violence) ☐ IDPs <u>not directly</u> affected by conflict or disaster (fleeing area of origin due to insecurity/violence) ☐ Population on way back to area of origin (returning population which have <u>not</u> reached area of origin) ☐ Population recently returned to the area of origin ☐ Other (please specify)		
GI.3 What kind of incident has affected the population or forced them to flee from the area of origin?	Violence (Cattle raiding) Violence (including military operations, small weapons, bombing, etc.) Floods Fire Health epidemic Food insecurity Voluntarily returned home but land is occupied by other communities Previously displaced and when returned home, land is occupied by soldiers or other armed groups Evicted by military or State authorities Returnees at final destination without allocated land Returnees at final destination with allocated land Stranded returnees Returnees in transit Other (please specify)		
GI.4 How is the relationship between the displaced and the host community?	Host community willing to assist for as long as necessary Host community willing to assist, but for limited time Tensions already exist Other (please specify Not applicable (not near host community, etc)		
GI.5 In the crisis-affected or displaced community, are there any of the following: (mark all that apply)	 ☑ Older persons (over 60 years) who are living alone and do not have any support from their relatives and/or community. ☑ Children under 18 years who have been separated from both parents and/or caregivers. Estimated number of separated children: ☑ Persons who have physical and/or mental disability. ☑ Female Headed of Household: Divorced, separated or widowed single female with minor children. ☑ No effective community links: Persons or families who are displaced and have become vulnerable due to the impossibility to relate to the community and who do not receive any support from the community. 		
GI.6 11,982 What is the estimate number of people living on the site?	-	Households 11,982 om multiple sources – State sources:	
	Bilkey, Dengjok and Nyandit IDPs no: 1,741 HH with 2,830 individual. The IDPs verified in April and the new IDPs are sum to be the figure above.		

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GI.7 What is the status of population at the site	$oxed{\boxtimes}$ Number of people on the site are increasing		
of assessment?	\square Number of people on the site are decreasing		
	\square Number of people on the site are about the same		
GI.8 State area of origin of the population?	State	Jonglei	
	County	Akobo	
	Payam	Bilkey, Nyandit and Dengjok.	
	Boma	N/A	
GI.9 How many people are killed, injured, missing due to the current	_n/aNumber of People Dead in lastn/a daysNumber of People injured in last days		
incident/crisis? (state time period of reported number)			
	Nı	umber of People missing in last days	
GI.10 Do people have cattle with them on site? How many? Other livestock? (goats, chickens etc.)	No		
chickens etc) GI.11 Do IDPs have access to their place of origin, and/or a timeline for return to place of origin?	No		



ANNEX 2 – Shelter NFI Specific Questionnaire



SN.1	No permanence			
Total number of houses/shelters in the area (specify if how many permanent and how many temporary):				
SN.2	There is no house for them to share.			
Average number of people sleeping in each				
house/shelter (include those staying with a homestead,				
but sleeping outside the shelter/house):				
SN.3 Type of shelter used by local population (check of	one)			
☐ Tukul☐ Brick structures				
Simple bamboo / wood structures clad in grass (rakuba)				
Other (please specify)				
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ No shelter is used by local community				
SN.4				
Number of shelters per household among the local	None			
population?				
SN.5				
Where are the crisis affected, displaced or returnee popul	liation currently sleeping?			
SN.6				
	affected, displaced or returnee population for gathering to build			
	re physically able to collect material and build shelters – consider			
gender, age, land availability, security)				
Yes - please list which materials are available, which men	nher of the household usually accesses them and how			
1 es - piease list willen materials are available, willen men	inder of the household usually accesses them and now.			
⊠ No – please provide explanation and detail on accessibility				
The way to get them is not easy.				
The way to get them is not easy.				
SN.6	landar and the state of the sta			
access items at the market - do they have cash to spend?)	local market? (check one, and ensure detail on whether people can			
uccess items at the market - ao they have cash to spena:)				
☐ Yes - please list which materials and items are available, with detail on accessibility and how much each item costs:				
 ⊠No				
SN.7				
Do the crisis affected/displaced or returnee population of (check yes or no for each)	urrently have:			
At least 2 water containers (10 – 20 litres) each?	☐Yes ⊠ No			
Do households have at least one large and one medium cooking				
and a knife and two spoons?	and the state of t			
Plastic sheeting	☐Yes ⊠ No			
Blankets	☐Yes ⊠No			
Sleeping mats	☐Yes ⊠No			
Mosquito nets	☐ Yes ☐ No			
	☐ Yes ☐ No			
Soap				
Clothing	☐ Yes No			
Shelter framing materials	☐ Yes			
Tools for building shelter (eg panga, maddock – please specify	y which) Yes No			
Tools for collecting food (eg fishing or hunting equipment – pl what)	lease specify			
SN.1 For households that have NFI and/or shelter mat	terial, how did they obtain these?			
orniz Tor nousenoius that have ivir and or sheller ma	torial, now and they obtain these.			



Brought from home, carried	☐ Purchased at the local market	⊠ Donated by local community	☐ Distributed by an aid agency Name of organisation: When: