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Needs

Humanitarian partners estimate that 1 million people will have been displaced by the current conflict in South Sudan by the end of J une 2014. Over 740,000 people have already been uprooted from their homes and forced to flee without many possessions, as of the end of January. Many r emain reliant on aid organizations for shelter and basic household items like mosquito nets, blankets and kitchen utensils. The lack of shelter and mosquito nets contribute to high rates of malaria and other diseases in s ites hosting displaced communities. Widespread violence has also led to significant destruction of homes and

\$41.9m funding requirement \$30.9m pipeline \$11.0m frontline

People targeted

property in several key population centres, including Bentiu, Bor, Juba and Malakal. Even before the crisis, only 50 per cent of households in South Sudan owned a blanket or mosquito net.

Inter-communal violence and clashes between state and non-state actors were commonplace in parts of South Sudan prior to the current conflict, and seasonal flooding compounds the need to support people on the move with adequate temporary shelter and household items. South Sudanese returning home from Sudan are also supported with temporary shelter and non-food items under this strategy.

People affected and targeted

People in need

Aid agencies estimate that up to 700,000 people affected by the crisis will need emergency shelter and household items between January and June 2014, including those displaced in UN bases, those seeking refuge in other locations, and the most vulnerable host communities. Of these, under the current appeal, 400,000 will be targeted with NFI. 340,000 people from within these groups will also receive acute emergency shelter support.

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Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
400,000	192,000	208,000	700,000	336,000	364,000

Strategy to respond to needs

The Shelter and Non-Food Item (NFI) Cluster will ensure the timely provision of emergency shelter and basic household material for communities displaced in acute emergency situations. Displacement in the current crisis is characterised by a high degree of fluidity and insecurity, and in some situations extremely high density,, therefore demanding in the first phase of response only the most basic of shelter provision and durable, essential household items, with which families are able to move.

Taking into account security and access constraints, the cluster expects to target 400,000 people in immediate need in the first half of the year. Basic NFI will reach all of these: acute emergency shelter support will be delivered in addition to 340,000 people. The cluster will encourage the response process to be inter-agency as far as possible to ensure transparency and accountability, as well efficient use of resources.

Emergency shelter solutions will be provided in two phases, and according to the types of settlement of people in need. The first phase, and the major focus of this plan due to resource constraints, will focus on a design that is feasible for the acute emergency response, taking into account key logistics considerations such as the need to airlift supplies. The second phase will supplement that distribution with more durable materials to achieve a shelter capable to endure the rainy season and meet humanitarian standards more closely.

Working with the CCCM and Protection clusters, the Shelter and NFI Cluster will focus its shelter activities on the following categories - protection of civilian sites in UN bases (12 per cent of all people displaced), collective centres (3 per cent of all people displaced), spontaneous sites (35 per cent of all people displaced) and displaced people residing in host communities (50 per cent of all people in need).

The cluster will deliver additional emergency shelter as needed, for people displaced who wish to return home and for the most affected host communities, though this phase is not covered extensively within the parameters of this plan. In these cases, using sustainable locally adapted shelter solutions will be prioritized. As resources among host communities are anticipated to be stretched, the cluster will provide transitional shelter and basic household items to the most vulnerable displaced people living in host communities. A vulnerability level of 10% is estimated. The cluster will seek the guidance of the Protection Cluster to confirm and determine actual vulnerability.

The cluster will also explore potential links with local livelihoods, including cash-for-work and vouchers, as an alternative to the in-kind provision of materials, in cases where it can be cost effective and supportive of local economies.

Cluster objectives and key outputs

CO1: Timely provision of basic NFIs to displaced populations in acute situations.

CO2: Timely and appropriate provision of emergency shelter solutions to displaced people

CO3: Appropriate provision of basic NFI and, if relevant, transitional shelter to the most affected host community

Expected Output	Target
Distribution of basic NFI kits to people in need (displaced people)	400,000
Provision of appropriate emergency shelter solutions to people in need (displaced people)	340,000

Shelter and Non-Food Items - Response Strategy Summary

IDP's affected	% of type ¹	Population of concern Baseline 700,000 IDP's	Solutions
POC	12%	In Need: 84,000 pax 16,800 HH Targeted: 48,000 pax 9,600 HH	Acute Emergency Shelter kits (flatpacked, airliftable) for Phase I Phase II Shelter Upgrade Kits for rainy season not included due to resource constraints – current focus on immediate emergency needs Upgrade of POC infrastructure or new extensions (last resorts) NFI Basic NFI kit
Spontaneous Sites	35%	In Need: 245,000 pax 49,000 HH Targeted: 140,000 pax 28,000 HH	Shelter Acute Emergency Shelter kits Phase II Shelter Upgrade Kits for rainy season not included due to resource constraints – current focus on immediate emergency needs Second round of distribution before rainy seasons or Repair kits (phase II) if returns occurred NFI Basic NFI kits or Lose NFI items
Collective	3%	In Need: 21,000 pax 4,200 HH Targeted 12,000 pax 2,400 HH	Shelter Improving living conditions and services Decommissioning and repairs once CC to be reverted to its original purpose NFI Basic NFI kits or Lose NFI items
IDPs residing in host Communities	50 %	In Need: 350,000 pax 70,000 HH Targeted: Shelters: 10%- 4,000HH NFI: 100% -40,000HH	Phase I shelter kit distribution in host community Phase II emergency shelter for hosting families accommodating extremely vulnerable IDPs (Phase II or T shelter) ² NFI Standard NFI kits
Population at risk		7,200,000	Potential solutions
Contingency		Not considered in current plan due to resource constraints – current focus on immediate emergency needs	Shelter Stockpile E shelter for future Contingency NFI Stockpile E shelter for future Contingency

^{1 %} based on the first estimation of January 21, 2014. Figures might be revised later

^{2 %} of vulnerable targeted population to be communicated by protection cluster

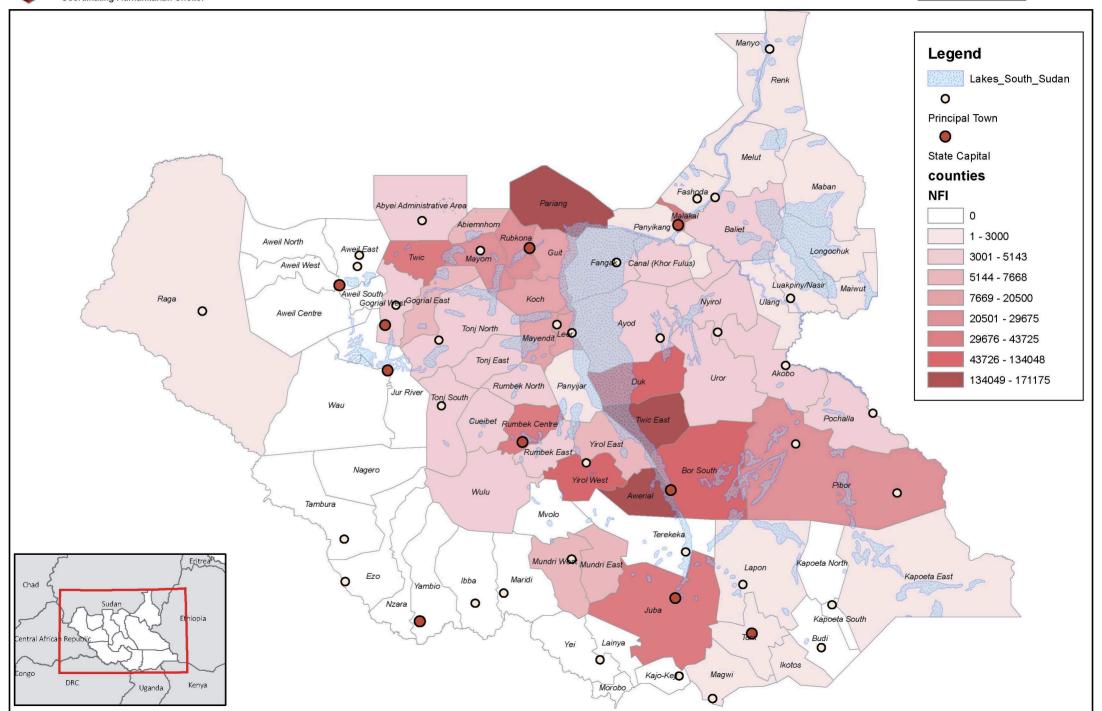
Shelter and Non-Food Items - Project Summary

	Agency	Coverage	Activity	Amount (USD)
1	ACROSS	Central Equatoria (Lainya, Bungu, Ganji) (100%)	E-shelter	306,138
2	ACTED	UNMISS Juba (35%), UNMISS Bor (5%), Awerial (50%), WBeG (Raja) (5%), Warrap (Gogrial) (5%)	NFI/E-shelter	517,886
3	Concern	Unity (Koch, Mayendit, Leer, Rubkona) (100%)	NFI/E-shelter	1,066,601
4	CRS	Awerial (20%); Jonglei (Bor, Twic East, Duk) (70%); Malakal (10%)	NFI/E-shelter	484,270
5	DRC	Malakal; spontaneous settlement Unity/Upper Nile; NBeG (SFP)	NFI/E-shelter NBeG State Focal Point	426,703
6	Intersos	Juba (20%); Jonglei (Bor South, Pibor) (50%); Unity (Rubkona, Pariang) (30%)	NFI/E-shelter Jonglei State Focal Point	952,878
7	IOM	Pipeline and Cluster Coordination: nationwide Frontline: Mobile ERT (nationwide) (70%); Bahr el Ghazal (Wau, Malualkon, Turalei) (20%); AAA (5%); Upper Nile (Renk, Malakal) (5%)	Pipeline NFI/E-shelter National Cluster Coordination (+ AAA State Focal Point and State Focal Point gaps)	25,956,570
8	LCED	WES (Mundri) (50%); Lakes (Yirol East and West) (50%)	NFI/E-shelter	200,000
9	LWF	Duk, Twic East (100%)	NFI	195,000
10	Medair	Upper Nile (all counties, SFP) (40%); Mobile ERT (60%)	NFI/E-shelter Upper Nile State Focal Point	727,496
11	Mercy Corps	AAA (50%); Unity (Abiemnon, Mayom) (50%)	NFI/E-shelter	350,000
12	NRC	Jonglei (30%); Awerial (50%); Warrap, Twic (20%)	NFI/E-shelter	2,981,020
13	Plan International	Magwi, Torit, Kapoeta East, Lafon, Ikitos (25%); Lakes State (6 counties, SFP) (75%)	NFI	197,290
14	UNHCR	Juba (10%); Nimule (15%); Awerial (40%); Bentiu (15%); Malakal (20%)	Pipeline	6,121,728
15	Welthungerhilfe/ GAA	Unity (Mayom, Guit) (100%)	NFI/E-shelter	196,938
16	WVI	Upper Nile (30%); Unity (30%); Warrap (40%)	NFI/E-shelter Unity/Warrap State Focal Point	1,200,000
	TOTAL			41,880,068

Total PIPELINE	30,897,198
Total FRONTLINE	10,982,870
GRAND TOTAL	41,880,068

0 25 50 100 150





Shelter Intended Coverage by counties

0 25 50 100 150 Kilometers

