Day	Time	Agenda	Interlocutors / Interviews with	Topics Covered
13 th Dec, Tuesday	9.00 – 9.45	Meeting with UN Habitat at National Project Officer	Ms. Keiko Focal point, Engineer & I.A. Hameed, National Project Manager	 CERF History and Division of labour between organizations Coordination structure Current status of projects
	10.00 – 11:15	Meeting with UNICEF a & CERF Focal Point at the UNICEF Office	Mr. Suranga, UNICEF CERF Project Manager & Ms. Watsala Jayamanna, RC CERF FP	 CERF History and Division of labour between organizations Coordination structure Current status of projects Partnership issues and thoughts on UNICEF/IOM projects
	12.00 – 12.45	Meeting with Programme and RM staff	RMO, Finance, Project Manager, Donor Reporting Officer & External Relations	 General project implementation issues National Government relations IOM systems and processes
	13:00 – end of day	MCOF Training and mee	etings with COM and other	staff
Day	Time	Agenda	Interlocutors / Interviews with	Topics Covered
14 th Dec, Wednesday	9.30 – 10.30	Meeting with Ministry of Disaster Management	Mr. Pathirajah, Senior Assistant Secretory - MDM	 IOM-GoSL Relations and Alignment: IOM began work with Govt and throughout linked to all levels and reported back adequately and transparently – wish all organizations worked in this way with GoSL Quality and Efficiency of IOM in the response: timely, right equipment and innovative solution (TS), tents also best of all received by GoB Focused on Military support at first, this was not sustainable Land allocation and long-term prospects for solutions to the displacement 1.2 million LKR for permanent homes 400k LKR for own land acquisition (if on own): 457 to date TS has enabled time for families to rebuild Private sector coming on board – solid support (limited) Additional requests and support requirements

	9.30 – 10.30	Wasanthagama, Aranayaka:	Participants; relocated community, village	 6 GA villages combined to new community 131 dead or missing – voluntarily evacuated to centres
15 th Dec, Thursday	9:00 – 9.15	Meeting with Aranayaka Divisional Secretory & staff	DS, ADS, Director Planning, TA and relevant staff	Short and revised meeting at end of day after visit to all sites in Division
Day			Interviews with	
Day	12.00 - 14:00 15:00 - 16:00 16:15 - 16:45 17:00 - 17:45	Meeting with District Secretory and staff Meeting with Land Commissioner Meeting with Ussapittiya camp community, government officials	Planning Director, DMC staff, NGO Coordinator Mr. K. Kinivitha Government staff at the camp / Evacuation centre	 IOM-GoSL Relations and Alignment – IOM essential to the response at District level Quality and Efficiency of IOM in the response Land allocation and long-term prospects for solutions to the displacement Lessons learned and problems with partners Interest in more standardized evacuation centres Land allocation processes (2020 families in district, 337 acres acquired in total) Division of Responsibilities and Coordination Private land options – 234 families to date Land use and management (common, services, etc.) Visit to site and discussion with local government and security staff Sphere standards adequate camp layout given complexity (cricket field, limits to use), included disabled toilets, kitchens, bathing, lighting on perimeter and IOM tents are durable Drainage and risk prevention Electricity and solar kits
				 Option for IOM to support on community owner driven construction for families with limited capacity Monitoring system for tracking humanitarian aid, 3Ws, needs and support provided at each site (e.g. DTM) ideal Request to build capacity of NDRSC – mandated to manage camps, DTM, relief goods distribution and tracking

11.00 - 12.00 - 13:30	Community meeting at Transitional Shelter site Kallugallla, Aranayaka: Community Meeting Transitional Shelter site Meeting with World Vision at Aranayaka	Participants; relocated community, village headman and community representatives Kegalle field focal point and representatives from Colombo including Programme Manager (Urmila Selvanayagam)	 Livelihoods still an issue here as some lost land in landslide – most affected community 54 TS very good, permanent homes under construction Services accessible Cohesion not yet established, considering RDS Women participation evident Red Cross doing livelihoods grants Satisfaction with IOM TS options 9 villages combined to new community Location not ideal – access difficult and 4 km from nearest main road (for public transport) Evident most men going to origin for livelihood – mostly women present for community meeting Community feels cohesive Services still limited (water) Concern for single women on how they will complete owner driven construction of homes Generally good relations and working coordination with IOM even before IOM IP agreement; meet daily before and during the IP agreement UNICEF 170 latrines, IOM the rest Additional work from UNICEF for Camp WASH facilities will enable upgrade before project close Child Protestion activities in sames (discussion of option for TS sites as
		Selvanayagam)	
14:00 – 15:00	Habalakkawa, Aranayaka:	Participants; relocated community, village	Community moved to TS only days before visit
13.00	Alaliayaka.	community, vinage	

	Community Meeting Transitional Shelter site	headman and community representatives	 10-20 families have already started permanent structure foundations to move forward Community more cohesive – all from same location and headman was handing over to new headman while visit occurred Latrines came with families involved, more decision on locations of TS and latrines Community blessing ceremonies to push all to being construction at same time Have not received advice on technical aspects of permanent construction (need NBRO visit)
16:00 – 17:00	Meeting with Aranayaka Divisional Secretory & staff	DS, ADS, Director Planning, TA and relevant staff	 Learned from the land process confusion and now have a solid coordination structure High pressure (political/community) to move things forward given the large scale effect in division Water Board still a problem as weakest link in coordination structure – sometimes also left out of land process and thus slower to find solutions Livelihood plans – widows support, vocational training, cash grants (via red cross) Wasanthagama worst off, needs the most long term support; most farmers with land in high risk areas; conducting focus groups for options Wasanthagama all will have permanent homes Kallugala – HFH to build 40 homes Camps still a major long term issue that need to be closed via new land allocations Of 571 families that must move, 383 allocated new land and 121 have identified own: 67 remain 34 families to date received 400.000 LKR for land IOM enabled division to have space to make plans, solved problems, did not request answers, diminished pressure to allow govt to solve the longer term issues IOM highly appreciated and collaborative

	17:15 – 18:00	Visit to Dehiyanwala camp	Government staff at the camp	 Minimal discussions with people on ground ShelterBox primary tent in use, though IOM tents also visible – beneficiary brought team into IOM tent to demonstrate the size and his family set up Partitions in school buildings (abandoned school) to allow for additional locations and privacy Generally positive, requires more WASH long term, main issue is to consider land allocation and support to dismantle tents and move to new land
Day	Time	Agenda	Interlocutors / Interviews with	Topics Covered
16 th Dec, Friday	9:00 – 10.00	Meeting with District National Building Research Organization (NBRO)	Laksirii Indrathrilaka – NBRO Scientist and District coordinator	 Outlined resettlement process, difficulties at first but over time coordination has improved, and NBRO staff have experience from past disasters NBRO provides assessments – total 1918 families in high risk – must move to safer location Those in med risk or below return to their homes (with guidance/conditions) 3 house models delivered with technical specs with disaster resilient features NBRO visits all land acquisition locations and advises on suitability and conditions of use Need for NBRO to assess each plot and give adice on house model and specifications/conditions Families do not necessarily have this info Cutting failures a major problem for area 56 sites under process at this time IOM/NBRO relationship solid since 2007, work together, IOM respects the technical process and facilitates NBRO role TS good, but some locations will need to be demolished if there is to be space for permanent hs Plans to construct 2 permanent evac centres

10.45 – 11.30	Kelaniwatta, Bualthkohupitiya: Community meeting Transitional Shelter site and community discussions	Participants; relocated community, village headman, community representatives)	 EWS for landslides described – evacuation plans still in process and needed for all risk zones DMC responsibility, but NBRO has project for 30 villages at this time Trigger mechanism for DRM needs refining – concerned that GoSL does not have adequate plan and immediate coordination/ICS system in place to manage all actors, private, public in response Need lessons learned and a manual on response based on this response – good and the bad Brand new TS site and community coming daily to oversee process Assistant DS on site to facilitate meeting with village 5 villages from division to form one community Proud of homes, govt support, aware that they have 2 options: govt to build the permanent homes or owner driven (most pick latter) 1.2 million LKR to build their own home Livelihood not considered a serious problem, 15-20 km from origin but on access road and easily can go back and forth via transport Concerned about latrines and water systems – DS and IOM explained process moving forward (in progress)
12:00 – 12:30	Meeting with Bulathkohupitiya Divisional Secretary	DS, ADS, Director Planning, TA and relevant staff	 IOM praised for arriving on time in emergency and being efficient DS was out on maternity leave, did not expect to return with all TS completed and ready for community handover – over expected quality and efficiency (would like more of the TS for her district - 80) and expects these can last up to 3-4 years as needed while families rebuild Water still a concern, DS working on this (water board) NFIs and Tents were top quality and appropriate to community Currently 4 tented sites with 443 families: 170 lots identified, 60 families chose own sites; acquiring reminder 167 families to get 40k LKR for starting foundation, 73 to get 400k LKR for own identified land PSS for families a concern

Saturday Day	12:00 Time	Agenda	Interlocutors / Interviews with	Topics Covered
17 th Dec,	9:00 -	Finalization with IOM CI	ERF implementing staff in I	 Need employment, mushrooms for example, cooperatives (RDS) IOM very dedicated and collaborative, very thankful to org and staff Kegalle: SWOT, PRDS, Discussion of next steps on programme
	17:15 – 18:00	Meeting with Yatiyanthota Divisional Secretary at District office (post coordination meeting)	DS, ADS, Director Planning, TA and relevant staff	 IOM equipment – tools, NFIs, toolkit, etc. was very good quality Shelter TS extremely well liked and innovate way to support and provide space on the permanent housing (wants more if possible for community as funds for permanent homes still not available) HFH to build 20 of total need 143 permanent houses Asked for IOM CGI or other support – move families with tents and proved roofing material will help get them on their way (IOM can do up to 50 more) Concerned about women – change in lifestyle, lack of access to livelihoods
	15:30 – 16:00	Bossala, Kegalle: Transitional Shelter site community discussions rapid visit	Participants; relocated community, village headman, community representatives	 Idyllic location – unfortunately all trees cut when land cleared Access road still limited, though internal road in place Water still in progress Beneficiaries on site while construction under way, making small homes and beginning planting around the houses (full size plots)
	13:00 – 14:00	Karanthawatta, Bulathkohupitiya: Visit Transitional Shelter site and community meeting	Participants; relocated community, village headman, community representatives	 Most complex land (originally allocated to ShelterBox but refused) Access road, retaining walls, drainage under way – extremely steep hillside clime on gravel at this time, made IOM TS construction complex Already families have moved in, even with steep climb to access water (requires Water Board to deliver and pump to gravity tanks on hill) WVI on site constructing latrines for all homes, quality material, prefab made walls and concrete roof to place water tank (nice design)
				ShelterBox was support initially, but left, glad IOM stayed with them to support as things changed (w/o IOM would have had major problems); appreciative of IOM commitment to the work and the Division

19 th Dec, Monday	10.00 – 10.30 am	Meeting with National Building Research Organization (technical assessment and land approval)	Mr. Bandara, Director Landslide Research and Risk Management Division	 6 Divisions in NBRO: Project Management, Environment, Human Settlements, Geotechnical, Landslide research and risk mitigation, Building Materials Landslide Research and Risk Mitigation: Identification, risk mapping, awarenees Early warning – 200 automated rain gauges, combined with risk map, provide technical warning and transfer information to DMC that is responsible for dissemination (noted that also disseminating to media and others as well via offices) Landslide mitigation: Jica, WB, NGOs, ADB, RDU – works Monitoring Construction recommendations – mandated to advise at this stage and pass on advice to political structures (GA and DS) since 2011; plan to make act that makes NBRO advise mandatory in building code Resettlement sites - same discussion as previous NBRO EWS – need for community based planning – NBRO doing some of this Land process – complex house by house process, in particular to ensure that as many as possible could return, but over 1600 most vulnerable and declared forest areas and required to move Coordination improving and good with administrative/political sections Discussion of next steps to support: IOM to support NBRO team in Kegalle to reach all new communities to provide advice on construction along with DS office for advice on administrative process Lessons learned needed; e.g. ShelterBox was a problem wasted time and energy to flatten land for tents that does not require levelling for construction Tents should be distributed to move people to new land
Day	Time	Agenda	Interlocutors / Interviews with	Topics Covered
20 th Dec, Tuesday	10:00 – 10:45	Habitat for Humanity	Senior Program Manager	 HFH selected for additional interview given commitment to build permanent homes (discussed on the ground with DS/GA) MOU to work in 3 Sites:

			 Kallugala, Aranayake: 40 homes (IOM built 78 TS) Yatiyanthota: 19 homes (IOM built 50 in division) Parinhala: 23 homes (area where IOM only provided NFI) Housing model: 550 ft², 2 bedroom, living room, kitchen, open veranda Toilet made by IOM/WVI to be used Cost: 950,000 LKR Homeowner Contribution and Global villages (international volunteers) NBRO requested 650 ft² homes, exemption to meet needs Will bring total commitment known to 50 (Dialog/GoSL) + 80 HFH to 130 permanent homes committed
11:00 - 11:45	Oxfam	Fernando: Project Coordinator; Senthees: WASH Manager	 Oxfam response profile: humanitarian and DRR (+justice, gender, advocacy focus) WASH, Food security and livelihoods, advocacy Response activities in 2016:

■ Livelihoods: ○ CfW during initial phase – 2100 px x 3 days work ○ Environmental cleaning, committees 12:00 – 13:30 DMC overview DMC Kegalle (Mr. Mahendra J Kuragodage) and GA Kegalle **Complex process to acquire and provide suitable land for camps and relocations Many orgs ask and request a lot but IOM worked with GoSL IOM TS the highest quality element of the response support TS helped recovery much more quickly, victims vary happy to receive the shelters; provided viable progress indicators Tents also good support for those in need; IOM worked on the software element – training people – which was very good NFIs: huge demand, many relief items delivered but nothing scale or at level of appropriateness that was supplied by ION items designed to support recovery Shelter Kits: No other institution supported and distributed these types of items: "Marvelous for the affected communit		DMC overview	Mahendra J Kuragodage) and GA	 CfW during initial phase – 2100 px x 3 days work Environmental cleaning, committees IOM as the key partner on shelter, positive ("happy") picture with IOM in Kegalle supporting Complex process to acquire and provide suitable land for camps and relocations Many orgs ask and request a lot but IOM worked with GoSL IOM TS the highest quality element of the response support TS helped recovery much more quickly, victims vary happy to receive the shelters; provided viable progress indicators Tents also good support for those in need; IOM worked on the software element – training people – which was very good NFIs: huge demand, many relief items delivered but nothing on scale or at level of appropriateness that was supplied by IOM – items designed to support recovery Shelter Kits: No other institution supported and distributed these types of items: "Marvelous for the affected community" Huge workload from IOM done in a marvelous way, image of IOM in the district is great, everyone happy, and particularly happy with IOM's support towards recovery
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	o IOM extend for at least another 6 months (told may not be possible). GoSL needs support to manage all the reconstruct needs as too many locations at once, but need to make sure move forward in parallel for equity o IOM to support on managing and training based on experie with community resilience and DRM − SAR, Sphere Standard CCCM/DTM − need to help GoSL to upgrade capacity and a particular focus on participatory approaches. o Based on experience with IOM, GA/DMC looking for a paradigm shift in response programming − participation as key to supporting and limiting dependence of the community level response planning for reconstruction: o Creation of relocation site "CBOS" to manage relocation, recovery and construction of new homes (site based) o Options for IOM support in the process: ■ IEC materials ■ Technical support ■ Evacuation drills, etc. ■ Better last mile delivery in EWS ■ Confirmation of basic elements of Govt Plan: o 400,000 LKR for grants to people that identify own land o 1.2 Million LKR for materials for owner driven reconstruction ■ Commitment there − treasury is the delay (admin) o Govt. conducting research on livelihoods and identifying targeted vulnerable populations (IOM suggested to make stolook at women in particular, not just disabled, etc.) o SL Red Cross supporting with training and grants for livelihod ■ Lessons Learned "Book"	ence rds, s the nity.
 Plan to launch a book on the process and lessons on 17 May - 	 Lessons Learned "Book" Meeting 26 December 	