



Enabling Growth and Development

Facilitation

Tips for Cluster Co-ordinators

(VERY brief introduction to how facilitation tools and skills can help Cluster Co-ordinators)

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Facilitation

Focusing on **process** - the *how* of getting a group from where they are now, to where they want to be

Using participatory approaches which support Sense-making

- Exploration and learning about complex issues,
 - Relationship-building, empathy,
- Valuing diversity, ensuring all voices are heard
- Building consensus, decision-making, action planning
 - Drawing on the wisdom in the room

Tip 1: Use cards not flipcharts

Using flipcharts

Group 1 How to engage the outsider without disrupting group process? Common understanding / agreement (consensus) Getting a message across that sticks in people's minds and gives confidence Mindsets – government priorities; agency priorities; cluster priorities; 	 Group 2 Decisions made in open forum Engagement of people for the betterment of the cluster Getting <u>equal</u> representation Ego 	 Group 3 Lack of understanding (by cluster members) of coordination role; facilitator vs decision-maker Technical knowledge / understanding of shelter coordination and response 		
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recorded by one person might not have included everyone's opinion... Groupwork followed by presentations - with minimal engagement from participants. How would this normally be explored? What did I do?

What could we have done more if we had had more time?

What could we do next?

The same output, but as a result of using cards, not flipcharts... Very rapid consolidation, emerging consensus.

Managing Diversity	Building consensus	Building engagement and commitment	Breaking down organisational silos?	Technical	Planning, Contracting	Role clarity (coordination/ facilitation)
How to engage the outsider without disrupting group process?	Common understanding / agreement (consensus)	Getting a message across that sticks in people's minds and gives confidence	Mindsets – government priorities; agency priorities; cluster priorities	Technical knowledge / understanding of shelter coordination and response	Defining roles/responsibilities to prepare and deliver training	Lack of understanding (by cluster members) of coordination role; facilitator vs decision- maker
Personalities and egos (big); decision-makers in the room	Decisions made in open forum	Engagement of people for the betterment of the cluster	Getting <u>equal</u> representation		Prioritising what gets communicated, when, to whom and how	Tech skills vs soft skills incl. facilitation
Moving out of agenda / topic and prolonged discussion on topic that is not part of agenda / time- consuming	Conflict of interest among the stakeholders in the group to come to a consensus	To motivate partners: logal NGO, young staff, limited experience, no creativity, no methodology	Managing expectations of cluster members		Sensitive topics	Knowledge management - turnover
Group focus – not get lost in detail and technical issues.	Consensus-building	Ensuring cluster partners and other stakeholders attend coordination meetings	Engaging government and national actors (bringing them on board and getting them involved)			
Lack of interaction and participation from the group	Implementation decisions	Encouraging people to prioritise learning	Understanding different viewpoints			
Ego	Reaching a consensus and the		Consensus, collaboration			

Using cards allows you to more easily sort, categorise, rank, prioritise ideas - and acknowledge everyone's contribution.

Collation of all contributions: Facilitation Challenges for Co-ordinators

Managing Diversity	Building consensus	Building engagement and commitment	Breaking down organisational silos?	Planning, Contracting	Role clarity (coordination/ facilitation)
 How to engage the outsider without disrupting group process? Personalities and egos (big); decision-makers in the room Moving out of agenda / topic and prolonged discussion on topic that is not part of agenda / time- consuming Group focus – not get lost in detail and technical issues. Lack of interaction and participation from the group Not being able to zoom out How to maintain balance between attendees (equal participation) A lot of experts How to interrupt people that take too much time and space; impose their ideas? How to keep attendees interested in discussed topics? Different backgrounds / expectations, levels of expertise, lack of respect for humanitarian standards; too much belief, too little science, entilement syndrome – because I am in this position 	 Common understanding / agreement (consensus) Decisions made in open forum Conflict of interest among the stakeholders in the group to come to a consensus Consensus- building Reaching a consensus and the commitment to apply it Reaching a common goal/objective 	 To motivate partners: local NGO, young staff, limited experience, no creativity, no methodology 	 Mindsets – government prorities; agency priorities; cluster priorities; cluster priorities; cluster Getting <u>equal</u> representation Managing expectations of cluster members Engaging government and national actors (bringing them on board and getting them involved) Understanding different viewpoints Consensus, collaboration Lack of understanding of the value of coordination and inform ation sharing. Lack of information sharing Conflict of interest 	 Defining roles/responsi bilities to prepare and deliver training what gets communicate, when, to whom and how Sensitive topics 	 Lack of understanding (by cluster members) of coordination role; facilitator vs decision- maker Tech skills vs soft skills incl. facilitation Knowledge management - turmover Technical knowledge / understanding of shelter coordination and response

Tip 2:

Consider different types of objectives rational / experiential

Two types of objectives

Rational Objective

Related to the purpose: why we're all here

- Outcome
- Outputs

Experiential Objective

What experience do you want participants to have?

- Safe space to discuss sensitive issues
- Feel motivated to engage

Tip 3:

Build your toolbox, Connect with others

Process choices

- 1. Homogenous groups / Heterogenous groups
- 2. From "Icebreakers" to "interactive games and activities" which are safe, enjoyable and serve a purpose
- 3. Explore issues using:
 - Conceptual frameworks for analysis e.g. DFID's SLF; resistance to change, Tuckman's team evolution)
 - Tools to facilitate discussions
 - Debate
 - Agree/Disagree scale
 - Goldfish bowl, clinic, margolis wheel
 - Forcefield analysis, Stakeholder analysis, SWOT
- 4. How you organise the group:
 - Plenary, small group (homogenous/heterogenous), buzz in pairs, individual reflection

Tip 4:

Games are not just for Google employees... E.g. Yes! And... WILAYI

Summary of Facilitation Challenges for Cluster coordinators

- Managing group discussions (diversity / power imbalance)
- Building consensus
- Building engagement and commitment
- Breaking down organisational silos
- Planning, Contracting
- Role clarity (coordination/facilitation)
- Technical

For information about training programmes contact lesley@people-zone.com