Bangladesh Shelter Cluster Meeting 25 September 2017, 3-5pm

Hosted by Habitat for Humanity Road # 16/A, House # 12 (3rd floor) Gulshan-1, Dhaka-1212, Bangladesh

Attendance: Representatives from Catholic Relief Services, Caritas, World Vision, ShelterBox, Habitat for Humanity, IFRC.

Chair: Victoria Bannon, Shelter Cluster Coordinator

1. Introductions

- New Shelter Cluster (SC) Coordinator, Victoria Bannon, has replaced Tom Bamforth and is deployed for 2 months, together with Information Manager, Quinten Dengerink.
- Introductions by attendees from
- It was noted that the SC has a mailing list of 69 organisations (refer to slides), but participation in meetings is very low.
- Mailing list has a lot of redundant names and needs to be updated.

ACTIONS:

→ <u>SC Partners</u> should visit the website to review the contact list and update details as needed: http://www.sheltercluster.org/response/bangladesh-monsoon-floods-2017

2. Overview of flood response (all clusters)

- Latest inter-cluster dashboard show 37% funding (63% funding gap) see slides.
- Shelter cluster is the best funded, but targets were set very low compared to actual need.
- Update was given from the Cluster Coordination Meeting (held 25 Sept) see slides
- Needs analysis, especially regarding ongoing displacement and vulnerability is still a major gap: currently working from 72 hr assessment overlaid with census data and work from some agencies/working groups on needs analysis but this remains patchy.

ACTIONS:

→ <u>SC Coordinator</u> will circulate National Assessment Working Group latest needs analysis feedback reports from Communicating with Communities to help SC partners identify potential needs and gaps.

3. Update on Shelter Response

- Shelter Cluster target is around 58% covered (approx. 38,000 households not including the government response).
- There are still some expected activities of other partners which have not been included, which may exceed the target, so there will be a need to revisit the targets in the coming week(s).
- SC partners noted that:

- Dinajpur resilience is high, CGI is now being preferred by communities to the preexisting mud structures although it is not as suitable for the climate (summer / winter)
- Kurigram many people still living under open skies, particularly those from char communities who have been displaced onto land owned by others and are not in a position to build permanent structures.
- o Building from mud is becoming expensive because of use by brick factories.
- o In some cases mud is being reinforced by bamboo and straw.
- There are some alternative technologies (ICP / blocks) which could be used for permanent reconstruction.
- IEC materials are a high priority now for both emergency and recovery phases (the Communicating with Communities group can support with dissemination if needed)

ACTIONS:

- → <u>SC Team</u> will review the targets in line with the updated response activities, for further discussion with SC Partners.
- → <u>SC Partners</u> should complete the 4W matrix with particular attention to the section on beneficiary breakdown.

4. Shelter Cluster Strategy

- Current version of Shelter Cluster Strategy was shared see slides. SC partners provided the following recommendations:
 - Objective 3: Assistance should also refer to cash support for landless.
 - Objective 4: Include specific reference to masons training, cash for work and Build Back Safer training with communities.
 - <u>Targeting:</u> should be updated to reflect additional criteria SC Partners are using: Landless (to be added to 4Ws); Ethnic minorities (some partners are targeting but will not be tracked in 4W); Families with small/minor children (some partners are targeting this, but will not be tracked in 4W)
 - <u>Prioritisation</u>: Wording should be changed to "recommend a focus on" the 5 priority districts, but acknowledge that there are needs in other districts where partners are working, so as not to limit possibilities for further funding in other areas.

ACTIONS:

→ SC Coordinator will update and recirculate SC Strategy and also discuss with the SAG.

5. Shelter Cluster priorities / needs of partners

- There is a need to consolidate and review the existing IEC materials for emergency and recovery, with specific reference to flood prone areas and different housing typologies – this will be the focus of the next meeting.
- SC partners asked about the role of the SC as regards to the Rohingya Crisis. It was acknowledged that the coordination structures were different, but that there might be still useful technical and IM support that could assist, based on work the SC had done previously. Further information will be shared when available.

ACTIONS:

→ <u>SC IM</u> will set up Dropbox for IEC materials and invite SC partners to add their relevant documents, which will be discussed at the next meeting.

6. Next meeting / schedule

- Bi-weekly is still considered the appropriate schedule.
- Next meeting: Monday 9 October, 3pm (venue to be determined)

Meeting slides



Shelter Cluster Meeting Bangladesh Floods 2017

25 September 2017, 3:00pm Venue: Habitat for Humanity Bangladesh Road # 16/A, House # 12 (3rd floor) Gulshan-1, Dhaka-1212, Bangladesh



1.Introductions



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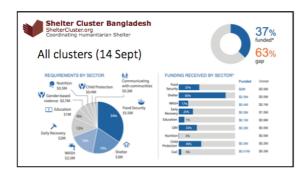
Website

http://www.sheltercluster.org/response/bangladesh-monsoon-floods-2017









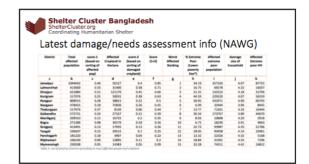


Update from Cluster Coordination meeting (25 Sept)

- Damage (25 Sept): 633,792 houses damaged, 103,855 houses destroyed
- New donors: DFID £3m (multi-sector)
- National Assessment WG: Conducted a needs analysis in 12 districts, 18 Upazilas involving Kils and overlaying government data (has changed some of the most affected districts).
- Cash WG: Only tracking multi-purpose cash (see guidelines)
- CwC: Community Feedback Summaries confusion about cash, concerns about livelihoods. More local NGOs responding. Can support dissemination of IEC materials.
- Disaster Response Exercise and Exchange: 8-12 October, interested orgs can register online: https://afd.gov.bd/eventregistration/event-details/1
- . EQ preparedness: template to be completed by all partners (will send out)



3. Update on Shelter Response





Overall situation

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 Overall key priority Needs Based on the primary data collected from the Kils with PlOs, the key priority needs are as follows:

 Food security. As most of the crops of this harvesting year is damaged, people are more worried about food for the coming days. Especially the poor and uttra-poor lamilles flosse are living on hand to mouth) are reported they have no food to eat. People have been adopted register coping people are in high anxiety about the availability of food in the longer term. Let only the people are the high anxiety about the availability of food in the longer term. Let only the people are depending on agriculture in the flood affected areas. Most have also lost a significant proportion of his season's [a. this years') crops and food stock. According the RIOS in most of the for agriculture, let the livestock. In some places, migration was also reported.

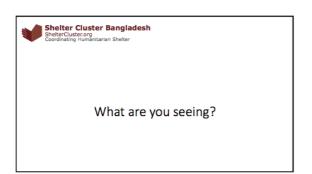
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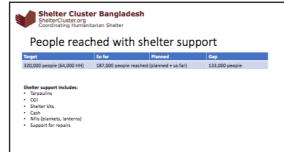
 - Safe drinking water: Identified as a priority in many areas. Tube wells were submerged into flood water for weeks and become contaminated. In more than half of the areas assessed, latrines were damaged severely.

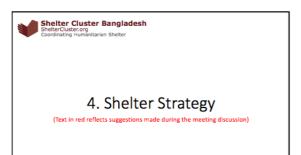


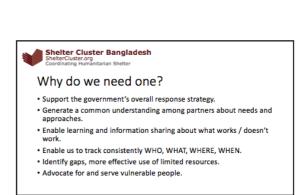
Shelter situation

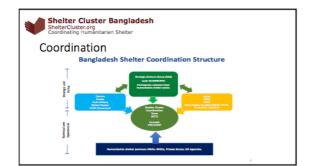
- According to MoDMR report dated 17 September, 103,855 houses fully damaged and 633,793 houses partially damaged in 32 districts.
 However except Bogra (5112 people), most of the people have left shelter centers.
 Almost all mud houses and houses made of straw and bamboo have been fully damaged in the affected areas.
- People under lower poverty line have limited ability to repairing their houses. Affected people first need to build or repair houses because of the safety and security of all family member.
 Thus far, many families could not build or repair their house.
- People whose houses are fully damaged living under open sky or makeshifts in many areas, which might impact on their social structure and increase of crime.
- Many household are having a damaged base/foundation, even having leakages which cause building temper to lose. Many are still living in the relative's house and embankment

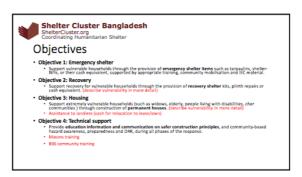


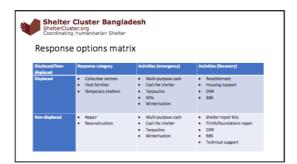


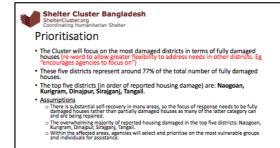


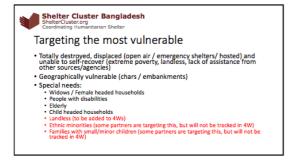






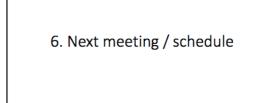












Shelter Cluster Bangladesh ShelterCluster.org Coordinating Humanitarian Shelter