



Republic of Yemen

Fact Sheet

April 2016



A family received Non-Food Items at tent in Az Zuhrah district, Al Hudaydah Governorate. © Ameen Job./ AlAmaal | April 2016.



Distribution of Non-Food Items kits in AIdhale'e Governorate. © Salah A./ Wethaq | March 2016.



Houses destroyed by the recent floods in Shararah area, Amran Governorate © Kassem Gahlan / UNHCR | April 2016.

NEEDS ANALYSIS

Despite varying lengths of displacement, shelter and NFIs are a primary concern, being ranked highly and consistently by IDPs when stating their priority needs. A number of IDPs have suffered through multiple displacements since leaving their areas of origin and as they moved to areas further away from their homes and existing family links, they have sought out accommodation in various types of shelter arrangements. Despite the on-going efforts of cluster partners and government actors, a large number of the displaced are still living in the open, in unfinished buildings, substandard shelters, schools and religious buildings. Depleted savings and lack of access to financial resources and/or saturation of available housing capacity have further enhanced the need to identify and pursue all viable alternative shelter options for a large number of vulnerable families among the recently displaced persons. Families hosted by friends and relatives report that inter-family tension is on the rise and that lack of privacy and safe shelter is a major concern to both the displaced and host families.

RESPONSE

In response to recent flooding and the ongoing conflict in the country, the Shelter/CCCM/NFI Cluster distributed Non-Food Items to 9,031 HHs, Emergency Shelter Kits to 3,073 HHs, Emergency Shelter Materials (Plastic Sheets/Ropes) to 1,704 HHs, Family tents to 449 HHs and cash for rental subsidies to 10 HHs during the month of April 2016.

GAPS / CHALLENGES

The Cluster envisages the following challenges that impede the implementation of the cluster humanitarian response plan:

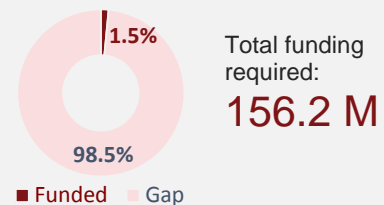
- Limited funding has curtailed partners' capacities to meet the identified urgent needs.
- Limited access to people of concern in some conflict areas, which hinders service delivery in some locations in a timely manner.
- Interference of parties to the conflict in the humanitarian work.
- Capacity of partners to rapidly scale-up to new areas.
- Lack of harmonious relationship between IDPs and host communities in some affected areas, due to limited resources and limited absorption capacity.
- Lack of information about IDPs living with host families.

KEY FIGURES (HHs)

40 Key Cluster partners	0.5 M Households in need
0.3 M HHs targeted in the YHRP 2016	41,802 HHs assisted (Jan-Apr 2016)
Non-Food Items	37,345
Emergency Shelter Materials (Plastic sheets/ropes)	4,122
Emergency Shelter Kits	3,479
Cash for Rental Subsidies	961
Cash in lieu for NFIs/Shelter Materials	800
Family Tents	533
Rehab. of damaged houses	531
Rehab. of Collective Centers*	152

*8 collective centers were rehabilitated

FUNDING



KEY DOCUMENTS

- [Shelter/CCCM/NFI Cluster Strategy](#)
- [Map of Collective Centers and Settlements](#)
- [3Ws \(Who Does What Where\) Map](#)
- [Map of partners presence](#)

KEY LINKS

- [Country page on ShelterCluster.org](#)
- [Country page on HumanitarianResponse.info](#)
- [Country page on Relief Web](#)
- [Sub-National Clusters Contact List](#)

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